

For the prevention and cure of
BILIOUS AND MALARIAL FEVERS
is recommended
Hahn's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS
THIS Medicine has been attended with a degree of success highly gratifying to the inventor's feelings, in several parts of the West Indies and in the Southern and Middle States, &c.

The testimony of a number of persons can be adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy has, under Providence, preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak more in favour of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy founded on mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience for believing that a dose of these Pills taken once in every two weeks during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infallible preventive; and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance: they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

Hamilton's Elixir.
A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthma, sore throats, catarrhs, and approaching consumptions.—To parents who have children affected with the HOOPING COUGH, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative.
Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of Nervous Disorders. Violent cramps in Consumptions & the stomach and back; Loss of appetite Indigestion Impurity of blood Melancholy Hysterical affection Gout in the stomach Inward weaknesses Pains in the limbs and debility Relaxations, etc.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic gout, palsy, lambozo, numbness, white swelling, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain in the face and neck, etc. etc.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

Hahn's true & genuine German Corn Plaster.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving any pain.

The Genuine Persian Lotion.

So celebrated among the fashionables throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals, the basis of other lotions, and of unparalleled efficacy in removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetter, ring-worms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

Tooth Aché Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermitting fevers.

At the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of this advertisement.

Sold only wholesale and retail, by JAMES KENNEDY & SON, September 26 King-st. Alexandria.

Alexandria Gazette & Daily Advertiser.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN, ROYAL-STREET, ALEXANDRIA.

VOL. XVIII.]

TUE-DAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1818

[No. 5152.

For Liverpool, direct.

The ship NEW JERSEY, Anthony Hodgkinson master, will sail so soon as the navigation is open. Will take a few cabin passengers, having good accommodations. She will return directly from Liverpool to Alexandria. For passage apply to the captain on board, or to JOSEPH DEAN.

February 13 10th

For Hamburg.

The schooner ELLEN, Joshua Bartlett master, having the principal part of her cargo engaged and on board, will sail on or about the 15th Feb. For eight of a few hds. or passage, apply to BARNEWALL & POHAMI.

January 28 11th

For Sale or Freight.

The ship MARIA, burthen 3500 barrels, is an excellent vessel, in complete order for the immediate reception of a cargo—the whole or part of her will be sold low, or she will take freight on moderate terms.

Also, for Freight,

The ship WILHELMINA, John Baxter master, burthen 4000 barrels, is an excellent vessel, and can be ready in a few days to take a cargo on board. Apply to LAWRSOON & FOWLE.

January 28

For Freight.

The superior brig ABELNA, Abel Lewis master, burthen 2000 barrels, is in excellent order, and can be ready in a few days to receive a cargo on board.

Also, for Freight,

The brig WASHINGTON, captain Picket, burthen about 1400 barrels, a good vessel, and in complete order for any voyage. Apply to LAWRSOON & FOWLE.

January 28

For Freight.

The superior brig ABELNA, Abel Lewis master, burthen 2000 barrels, is in excellent order, and can be ready in a few days to receive a cargo on board.

Also, for Freight,

The brig WASHINGTON, captain Picket, burthen about 1400 barrels, a good vessel, and in complete order for any voyage. Apply to LAWRSOON & FOWLE.

January 28

For Rotterdam,

The brig COMMERCE, John Wade master, having the principal part of her cargo ready to go on board, and will commence loading in four days. For freight of 40 hds. apply to LAWRSOON & FOWLE.

October 11

For Cadiz,

The brig BOSTON, capt. Knowles, has half her cargo ready, and will commence loading in a few days—500

lbs. will be taken at a moderate freight

Apply as above. Dec. 10

For Rotterdæm,

The brig COMMERCE, John Wade master, having the principal part of her cargo ready to go on board, and will commence loading in four days. For freight of 40 hds. apply to LAWRSOON & FOWLE.

October 11

Tanning and Currying.

JOSEPH HESTON continues to carry on the above business at his old stand in Prince street, between Water and Union streets, where he will be always ready to execute orders in his line with promptness and despatch.

He keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of

Leather,

of as various qualities as can be found in

any shop in the District—which he will dispose of at very low prices for cash.

11 mo. 6

LAWRSOON & FOWLE.

ALSO,

The cargo of the brig MUNGO PARK, C. Lincoln, master, from Boston, of

17 pipes Sicily Madera wine,

2 h pipes } of superior quality

15 sacks linters

100 tons plaster

1300 burr stones—for sale by

LAWRSOON & FOWLE.

January 28

For Freight,

The superior ship ATLAS, Ch. Johnson master, burthen 4400 bds. has performed, but one voyage, is in complete order, and can be ready in a few days for the reception of a cargo.

Notice.

THE stockholders of the MECHANICS' BANK OF ALEXANDRIA are hereby notified that an election will be held at the Court House on Monday the 9th day of March next, for the purpose of electing fifteen directors to serve the ensuing year.

P. H. MINOR, Cashier

February 5

Fish Barrels

I WILL contract to deliver at Pomona key warehouse, by the 29th March next, from 800 to 1000 white and red oak

FISH BARRELS, at the market price.

WM. D. BEALL,

near Piscataway.

January 19

This Day Landing.

FROM on board the brig Benefactor Captain Howland, from Marseilles, and for sale by N. KEEENE, Hermitage & Muscatel wines in cases

Bals. boxes

Figs in do.

Prunes in do.

Corks in bags.

Writing and Wrapping Paper in bales

80 sacks salt.

MS HAS IN STOCK,

30 bales German Linens

150 boxes Raisins

18 qr casks Sherry Wine, sup. q. y.

1000 bushels Cadiz Salt.

January 18

L. P. Madeira.

A FEW casks Messrs. Marlock, Youville, & Wadrop & Co's London Particular Madeira, of due quality, for sale by Jan. 31. W. HOLLYSON

Butter, Cheese, &c.

150 KGS. each. Bath butter, fit for family use.

500 lbs. English Cheshire cheese

Just received and for sale by

W.M. GILHAM.

December 17 diff.

Lawrason & Fowle

WILL purchase MARYLAND and VIRGINIA TOBACCO.

November 17

Patons & Butcher

HAVE received, and offer for sale, an assortment of TEN PLATE STOVES, handsome patterns, finished

10th mo. 15

Notice.

THE Subscriber having taken into partnership Mr. Thomas Irwin, Jr. the business, in future will be conducted under the firm of CAFILETT & IRWIN.

All those having claims against me, are requested to present them and receive their money; and all those indebted, are respectfully solicited to make payment with as little delay as possible.

CHARLES I. CATLETT.

For Sale.

FOR SALE on board the brig Washington, at Lawrason & Fowle's wharf.

A quantity of Potatoes, of superior quality.

January 8

District of Columbia, to wit.

November Term, Alexandria county, 1817

IN CHANCERY.

John Roberts, Complainant,

vs.

Thomas Amis and James Dickerson, Jas. English, James Anderson, David Black Jun. and John Poe, Defendants.

THE defendants Thomas Amis and James Dickerson not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit that the said Thomas Amis and James Dickerson are not inhabitants of this district—On motion of the said complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered that the said Thomas Amis and James Dickerson do appear here on the first day of the next term, and enter their appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendants, James English, James Anderson, David Black Jr. and John Poe, do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by them owing to or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendants, until the further order of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this country, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county. Test, G. DENEALE, c. c.

January 30

District of Columbia, to wit.

November Term, Alexandria county, 1817

IN CHANCERY.

William Veitch and Benoni Wheat, under the firm of William Veitch & Co. Complainants,

AGAINT

Henry Van West, John Johnston and Tripplett & Neale, Defendants.

THE defendant Henry Van West not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit that the said defendant Henry Van West is not an inhabitant of this district—On motion of the complainants by their counsel it is ordered that the said defendant Henry Van West do appear here on the first day of the next term and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendants John Johnston and Tripplett & Neale do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by them owing to or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendants, until the further order of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this country, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county. Test, G. DENEALE, c. c.

February 2

District of Columbia, to wit.

November Term, Alexandria county, 1817

IN CHANCERY.

John I. Behone, Complainant,

**ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE
AND DAILY ADVERTISER.**

PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
ROYAL STREET.

Daily Gazette & Country Gazette 95.

TUESDAY FEBRUARY 17, 1818.

ERRATA.

In Mercator's essay yesterday last paragraph but one, for "mode," in two instances, read TRADE. The passage will then read thus:

— And to steer forward to cherish and protect the trade, the legitimate and proper trade of their own town, &c.

Beware of Counterfeits — Several counterfeit notes, purporting to be of the Union Bank of Maryland, were passed in town on Friday evening. They are of the denomination of \$20, and said to be so well executed as to require a nice discrimination to distinguish them from the genuine notes. A gentleman who received one of them, on discovering its character, went in pursuit of an officer; but the villain had decamped before they had an opportunity of arresting them.

[Herald.]

Baltimore, Feb. 13.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR MARYLAND.
For the Eastern Shore.—Alex. Hands, Josiah Ball.

For the Western Shore.—Addison Reidout, Franklin Anderson, Samuel Livermore, and Raphael Neale.

Attorney General, Luther Martin.

— [Patriot.]

Extract to the Editor, dated Annapolis,

February 10.

A bill highly important to your city, which originated in the senate, has become a law. This bill increases the powers of the corporation, divides the city into twelve wards, provides for the opening of streets, lanes and alleys, (and appoints a board of commissioners for this purpose) the improvement of Jones' falls, and contains much other important matter.

The Lottery Bill has become a law, and Messrs. Richard K. Keath, Richard Frisby, and James Lloyd, I am just informed, are appointed by the governor and council commissioners under it.

The militia law, which divides the militia of the city into two brigades, and provides for the better regulation thereof, has passed the house of delegates.

Among many other bills which have passed the house, are one for the appointment of a comptroller; one to impose a tax on banks not chartered by the state; one to require the payment, by the city, into the state treasury, of \$25,000 as a bonus to tax auctions, retailers, &c. The two first will probably pass the senate; the last, it is supposed, will not.

A bill has been introduced in the house to increase the salary of the judges of the Baltimore city and county court.

Luther Martin was this day appointed attorney-general of the state, and attorney-general for the city court; Samuel Livermore district attorney for Harford and Baltimore counties. Applications for the offices of commissioners of lotteries were very numerous.

The senate are sitting this day with closed doors; yesterday they had no quorum.

[ibid.]

Extract to the Editor, dated Annapolis, February 11.

The senate yesterday, and the house to-day, were in session for about two hours, each with closed doors, the injunction of secrecy not yet removed.

The bills from the house requiring the city to pay to the state treasury \$25,000 dollars, as a bonus for a right to impose additional taxes on auctions, retailers, &c.—providing for the appointment of a comptroller—for the election of the senate by the people—a resolution to wear capes during the session; as a manifestation of respect for the memory of the late Gen. Robert Bowie—and sixteen bills authorising lotteries for various purposes, most of them from your city, were this day rejected by the senate.

The bill imposing a tax on banks not chartered by the state, has become a law.

The bill providing for the appointment of lottery commissioners, could not have been passed two hours before the appointments were made; it is said there were twenty-five or thirty applicants; and the attorney general and district attorneys were all appointed within two days after the law passed. Neither of these acts have yet been signed by the governor; they are, however, considered by legal characters as laws:

The house has proposed to adjourn on Saturday.

[ibid.]

Extract of a letter, dated Malaga, December 16.

The resounding the quarantine regulations respecting the Greek vessels from the Levant sea, has caused great numbers of their crews to arrive in the ports of Spain, in consequence of which wheat has fallen from a high to a very low price.

A letter from Lisbon of late date, says—the duty of \$5 per barrel on flour,

took place on the 1st of November, by an edict from the government.

Norfolk, Feb. 12.

We learn from a gentleman who has lately arrived in town, that the Buenos Ayres brig El Patriota, (formerly the Fourth of July) commanded by Taylor, has captured off the Canaries 24 sail, one of which was a Spanish galion, having on board a million and a half of dollars!—with which she had an action of 2 hours and 22 minutes on the 2d of December. The Patriota had 5 killed and 9 wounded; among whom the commander himself, slightly.

which wounds are reciprocally mortal, as the corpse exhibited.

I declare this to be the truth; certifying it at the top of Bellaco, this 11th November, 1817.

MANUEL FALCON.

I, Don Joseph Anthony Benavides, adjutant major of the 1st American infantry regiment, actually charged with the duties thereof, it being accidentally under the command of Don John Ratols, sergeant major, do certify, that the signature which appears in the preceding certificate is that which Don Manuel Falcon, associate surgeon to the regiment, did always, and does actually write. And in order that it may so appear whenever required, I sign these presents, with the approbation of my commander, on the top of Bellaco, November 17, 1817.

JOSEPH ANTHONY BENAVIDES.

From the Boston Patriot.

Cayenne, Dec. 20.

Since my last, of the 27th October, we have become French. This change is, I think, on the whole, rather unfavorable to American commerce. You will see by the annexed prices the state of the market, and I have added a note of the new duties, which for the information of persons trading here, I will thank you to hand over for publication.

I remain, dear sir, in haste, your obedient servant,

J. BARRY.

Flour \$15 likely to be scarce; beef 17 1/4; pork 20 cts; butter 28; lard 25; to acco. 215; herrings 5 50; codfish 4 50; soap 14 cents; molasses 35; cloves 70; cotton 45; coffee 15 scarce; coco 14; rice 14; sugar 10.

Persons trading to Cayenne are informed that the colony has been given up to the French government, and that the following rates of duties are established:

Foreign Flags.—Oil salt provisions, 1 per cent ad val. and 3 livres additional on every 50 kilograms, or about 102 lbs. net. Goods of every other description admitted on paying 15 per cent ad val.

Outward.—On molasses 4 per cent—All other kinds of produce 15 per cent.

French Flag (inward).—Oil salt provisions 1 per cent; goods of every other description 4 per cent.

Outward.—On produce of every description, 6 per cent.

JOSEPH BARRY.

Cayenne, Dec. 20, 1817.

Kingston, (Jama.) Dec. 19.—Flour \$20 2 2.

Port au Prince, Jan. 18.—Coffee, 36 2 5.

From the Baltimore Federal Republic.

CAUTION TO INDIAN LAND.

Copy of a letter from governor Mitchell, agent for Indian affairs, to governor Robins, dated Creek Agency, Jan. 28.

DEAR SIR,—I have but barely time to announce to you the execution of a treaty with the Creeks on the 22d instant, by which they have ceded to the United States, for the use of Georgia, two considerable tracts of land. The one lying to the east side of a line to be run from what is usually called Jackson's treaty line, by the head of a creek called by the Indians Alas, a, a like, a direct and the nearest course to the Ocmulgee river.

The creek referred to empties into the Ocmulgee some where near the Big Bend, and not far above Blackshear's road, but how far the head of it extends is uncertain; although, from its size being considerable, it must of course throw the fine considerably above its mouth.—The other tract lies between the Uteco, Louche, the Appalachic and Chattohoochie, and is said to be of considerable extent and value.

We are seldom disposed to bring such evils home, when we await so impatiently the return of blood and slaughter. We may talk of glory if we please, but that idea of the million, brilliant and dazzling as her head may appear, has a sepulchre for her throne, and her sceptre is the wand of death.—Thanks be to God, triumphs of another kind arrest our attention now.—We witness the chariot of the Prince of Peace riding triumphant in the regions of idolatry and of darkness—no human butcheries attend these victories—his herald is the dove of mercy! it flies before to subdue his approach, and his sceptre is a bough of the olive.—Why are these victories held by so many of our countrymen in such light estimation?—Alas! they are unaccompanied by blood—no cannon announces the approach of our adorable Redeemer—no ties in flames are the precursors of his glory—his standard is stained with no blood but his own; and that was shed for the salvation of men. And are victories like these, victories attended with every blessing that Divine Providence can bestow upon man, victories that instead of consigning millions to the tomb, break down the barriers of the grave itself, and open an immortality of life and joy,—are these victories we ask, to be held in light estimation?—The conquerors of Bonaparte, those whose heads are bound with the bloody laurel, prostrate themselves before this new and exalted conqueror, and enrol their names in the catalogue of his subjects; their sceptres and diadems have lost their radiance now. Wherever our Redeemer appears, the victor vanquished, he becomes a willing subject, and the trumpet that summoned millions to the battle and to death, is hushed at the sound of the trumpet which announces eternal life and salvation. Divine Providence seems in these dispensations to read an awful and an admonitory lesson to man.—What awful carnage, what waste of human blood was necessary to the establishment of the glory of Bonaparte!

I remain, dear sir, in haste, your obedient servant,

D. R. MITCHELL.

From the Baltimore Federal Republic.

BONAPARTE.

We had yesterday, in presenting to our readers a summary of the foreign intelligence, occasion briefly to notice the various arts adopted by the cunning of discontents men to disturb public repose. Men who are born in the whirlwind of political revolutions, who are nursed upon the bosom of battle, who have been familiar to blood and slaughter, sink to silence and obscurity in the season of public repose. They remain at such time unnoticed and unknown, and they have no chance of occupying the space which they once did in the eye of public admiration, but in another revolution. To effectuate such an object, no plan which can contrive or execute will be left unattempted. If Bonaparte is so vigilantly watched and guarded as to leave all exertions to effect his liberation hopeless, then the public ear is filled with rumours of his hard treatment. Letters purporting to have been written from St. Helena, complaining of unjustifiable usage, and bearing, to all appearance, the stamp of authenticity, are presented to the world.—Before the surgery is detected and exposed, it has answered its end; it has journeyed over two continents, and has excited the sympathy of millions for the offering Corsican, and when at last the fraud is detected, it is only succeeded by another more imposing than the first. The proselytes of Bonaparte are perfectly familiar in all the art and mystery of such deception; it is a part of that system of policy by which his tyranny was founded, and by which it was afterwards overthrown. Falsehood is a very successful engine for a season—but its effect must in the course of human events be temporary only. How many, while reading the sufferings of Bonaparte, real or imaginary, will be prone to forget the cause of all these sufferings! Where was the same sensibility displayed when this Corsican was carrying fire and sword from the cottage to the palace, when the prints of his feet were seen in human blood on the arid sands of Egypt, or on the snows of Russia?—The distress was so widely extended, we had become so familiar to spectacles of misery in such horrible varieties, that our bosoms were strangers to the throats of sympathy. They affected us far less than the tales of romance, and produced a sort of intellectual paralysis. Now when the being who has been so often the occasion of such sufferings and of such multiplied agonies, is merely debarred from an opportunity to perpetrate such enormities again, we are called upon to shed the tear of condolence on his fate.

Let the question be fairly asked, how it would be in the power of this man to repair the injuries that he has done?—The thing is impossible. What compensation is he capable of making to the widows and orphans, whose husbands and sires have been sacrificed at the shrine of an ambition that knew no other boundaries than those of the universe? To mourn over his present confinement is only to say in other words, that we lament that more widows and orphans have not been made, more cities and villages wrapt in devouring flames—that the earth in fact has not already been saturated with human blood. It such are indeed our ideas, if the smiling village by his fire-side surrounded by the ruddy countenances of his happy children, enjoying in this cold season the fruits of his own industry,—if spectacles like these occasion pain, the time may come when we may be gratified to the full extent of our sanguinary desire. Our native land has no charter of exemption from Heaven from such multiplied miseries. We may not always be able to abuse the dul assitute of a winter evening while sitting quietly on the comfortable hearth, by perusing scenes of blood and murder, in which the num-

ber of human victims slaughtered and butchered, are presented in the most formalities of official details. The time may come when some European village may read of our parents, brothers, husbands and friends, tombled, tangled and mangled, into their graves without the decent solemnities of interment.

We should deem it but a poor consolation indeed in the midst of such sufferings, that we were furnishing amusement to the European cottager who was seated quietly at his fire, and by the means of a gazette enjoying our mis-

eries.

We are seldom disposed to bring such evils home, when we await so impatiently the return of blood and slaughter. We may talk of glory if we please, but that idea of the million, brilliant and dazzling as her head may appear, has a sepulchre for her throne, and her sceptre is the wand of death.—Thanks be to God, triumphs of another kind arrest our attention now.—We witness the chariot of the Prince of Peace riding triumphant in the regions of idolatry and of darkness—no human butcheries attend these victories—his herald is the dove of mercy! it flies before to subdue his approach, and his sceptre is a bough of the olive.—Why are these victories held by so many of our countrymen in such light estimation?

Alas! they are unaccompanied by blood—no cannon announces the approach of our adorable Redeemer—no ties in flames are the precursors of his glory—his standard is stained with no blood but his own; and that was shed for the salvation of men. And are victories like these, victories attended with every blessing that Divine Providence can bestow upon man, victories that instead of consigning millions to the tomb, break down the barriers of the grave itself, and open an immortality of life and joy,—are these victories we ask, to be held in light estimation?—The conquerors of Bonaparte, those whose heads are bound with the bloody laurel, prostrate themselves before this new and exalted conqueror, and enrol their names in the catalogue of his subjects; their sceptres and diadems have lost their radiance now. Wherever our Redeemer appears, the victor vanquished, he becomes a willing subject, and the trumpet that summons millions to the battle and to death, is hushed at the sound of the trumpet which announces eternal life and salvation. Divine Providence seems in these dispensations to read an awful and an admonitory lesson to man.—What awful carnage, what waste of human blood was necessary to the establishment of the glory of Bonaparte?

I remain, dear sir, in haste, your obedient servant,

D. R. MITCHELL.

From the Baltimore Federal Republic.

BONAPARTE.

We had yesterday, in presenting to our readers a summary of the foreign intelligence, occasion briefly to notice the various arts adopted by the cunning of discontents men to disturb public repose. Men who are born in the whirlwind of political revolutions, who are nursed upon the bosom of battle, who have been familiar to blood and slaughter, sink to silence and obscurity in the season of public repose. They remain at such time unnoticed and unknown, and they have no chance of occupying the space which they once did in the eye of public admiration, but in another revolution.

To effectuate such an object, no plan which can contrive or execute will be left unattempted.

If Bonaparte is so vigilantly watched and guarded as to leave all exertions to effect his liberation hopeless, then the public ear is filled with rumours of his hard treatment.

Letters purporting to have been written from St. Helena, complaining of unjustifiable usage, and bearing,

to all appearance, the stamp of authenticity, are presented to the world.

Before the surgery is detected and exposed, it has answered its end; it has journeyed over two continents, and has excited the sympathy of millions for the offering Corsican, and when at last the fraud is detected, it is only succeeded by another more imposing than the first.

The proselytes of Bonaparte are perfectly familiar in all the art and mystery of such deception; it is a part of that system of policy by which his tyranny was founded, and by which it was afterwards overthrown.

Falsehood is a very successful engine for a season—but its effect must in the course of human events be temporary only.

How many, while reading the sufferings of Bonaparte, real or imaginary, will be prone to forget the cause of all these sufferings!

Where was the same sensibility displayed when this Corsican was carrying fire and sword from the cottage to the palace, when the prints of his feet were seen in human blood on the arid sands of Egypt, or on the snows of Russia?

The distress was so widely extended, we had become so familiar to spectacles of misery in such horrible varieties, that our bosoms were strangers to the throats of sympathy.

They affected us far less than the tales of romance, and produced a sort of intellectual paralysis.

Now when the being who has been so often the occasion of such sufferings and of such multiplied agonies, is merely debarred from an opportunity to perpetrate such enormities again, we are called upon to shed the tear of condolence on his fate.

Let the question be fairly asked, how it would be in the power of this man to repair the injuries that he has done?

The thing is impossible. What compensation is he capable of making to the widows and orphans, whose husbands and sires have been sacrificed at the shrine of an ambition that knew no other boundaries than those of the universe?

To mourn over his present confinement is only to say in other words, that we lament that more widows and orphans have not been made, more cities and villages wrapt in devouring flames—that the earth in fact has not already been saturated with human blood.

It such are indeed our ideas, if the smiling village by his fire-side surrounded by the ruddy countenances of his happy children, enjoying in this cold season the fruits of his own industry,—if spectacles like these occasion pain, the time may come when we may be gratified to the full extent of our sanguinary desire.

Our native land has no charter of exemption from Heaven from such multiplied miseries.

We may not always be

able to abuse the dul assitute of a winter evening while sitting quietly on the comfortable hearth, by perusing scenes of

blood and murder, in which the num-

Palm or Cream Nuts.

ber of human victims slaughtered and butchered, are presented in the most formality of official details. The time may come when some European village may read of our parents, brothers, husbands and friends, mangled, hung up and mutilated, into their graves without the decent solemnities of interment. We should deem it but a poor consolation indeed in the midst of such sufferings, that we were furnishing amusement to the European cottager who was seated quietly at his fire, and by the means of a gazette enjoying our miseries.

We are seldom disposed to bring such evils home, when we await so impatiently the return of blood and slaughter. We may talk of glory if we please, but that idol of the million, brilliant and dazzling, as her head may appear, has a sepulchre for her throne, and her sceptre is the wand of death.—Thanks be to God, triumphs of another kind arrest our attention now.—We witness the chariot of the Prince of Peace riding triumphant in the regions of idolatry and of darkness—no human butchers attend these victories—his herald is the dove of mercy that flies before to announce his approach, and his sceptre is a bough of the olive.—Why are these victories held by so many of our countrymen in such light estimation!—Alas! they are unaccompanied by blood—no canon announces the approach of our adorable Redeemer—no cities in flames are the precursors of his glory—his standard is stained with no blood but his own; and that was shed for the salvation of men. And are victories like these, victories attended with every blessing that Divine Providence can bestow upon man, victories that instead of consigning millions to the tomb, break down the barriers of the grave itself, and open an immortality of life and joy,—are these victories we ask, to be held in light estimation!—The conquerors of Bonaparte, those whose heads are bound with the bloody laurel, prostrate themselves before this new and exalted conqueror, and enrol their names in the catalogue of his subjects; their sceptres and diadems have lost their radiance now. Wherever our Redeemer appears, the victor is vanquished, he becomes a willing subject, and the trumpet that summoned millions to the battle and to death, is hushed at the sound of the trumpet which announces eternal life and salvation. Divine Providence seems in these dispensations to read an awful and an admonitory lesson to man.—What awful carnage, what waste of human blood was necessary to the establishment of the glory of Bonaparte! How fugitive, how evanescent, and how contemptible has been that glory!—Contrast this with the glory of our Redeemer!—Not a drop of blood has been shed, and the Hottentot and the disciple of Juggernaut bow before that conqueror who displays no other standard than that of the dove. Let us ask the question, how does it happen that while France is held in awe by the assembled majesty of Europe—he assembled majesty of Europe in the midst of their victories—while prostrate millions own their sway, and are ready to rush to their graves for the preservation of their sovereign's fame,—that these very monarchs surrounded, so environed with splendor, should acknowledge themselves subjects of One who while residing on earth, had not the hole of the fox on the nest of a bird to repose his weary head!—If this is not the triumph of Omnipotence, let any one declare how Omnipotence can be exerted.

IN COUNCIL—FEBRUARY 10.

The following persons were appointed commissioners for holding elections in the different wards on Tuesday, the 3d day of March next, for members to serve in the common council for the ensuing twelve months, viz.

At A. Rhodes's tavern, on Union-street, for the first ward.

Alexander McKenzie
Matthew Robinson
John Muncaster

At the Council Chamber for the second ward.

Colin Auld
John Lloyd
John Adam

At Shetlar's tavern for the third ward.

John Roberts
Jacob Hoffman
Abraham Faw.

At Joseph C. Gird's, corner of Duke and St. Asaph streets, for the 4th ward.

Alexander Moore
Thomas Lawrason
David Ross.

Extract from the minutes, L. P. THOMPSON, C. C.

A stated quarterly meeting of the ST. ANDREWS SOCIETY will be held at the house of Mrs. McDowell on Tuesday evening the 17th inst. By order of the President, ROBT. JAMIESON, Secy.

Exchange Coffee House MARINE JOURNAL.

FEB. 10, 1812.

Schr. Eliza Jane, Gaines, Jr. Newbern, at North 9th inst. Reports, spoke off Cape Henry, brig Benefactor, Tobeys, 7 days fr. Alexandria, bound to Havana.

Stoop Ocean, Middleton, at Norfolk 9th inst. up for this port, to sail 17th.

Palm or Cream Nuts.
1000 lbs. for sale, together, or in small quantities. Also, 500 bushels Albany Oats
For sale by JOHN RUMNEY.
February 17.

Goods Found.

WAS found by a servant, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock, on Thursday night last, in a suspicious place, a Small bundle of Merchandise,

which the owner can have again by describing the same, and paying the cost of this advertisement. Apply to the Printer. St. February 17.

Stone Masons

WANTED for Fort Washington, on the Potowmack, and Old Point Comfort, Chesapeake Bay; for which liberal wages will be given.

W. K. ARMISTEAD,
Lt. col. comg 2d Eng. Dep't.
February 17.

George Lyon, House, Sign, and Furniture PAINTER.

LATELY from England, takes this opportunity of informing the citizens of Alexandria, that he will be glad to undertake any work in the above line of business, such as Signs to paint and letter, or any other ornamental painting, which he pledges himself to execute in a superior style. He will also have no objection to undertake any thing in the House-painting line, such as the painting of doors to imitate any kind of woods, or any other thing connected with House-painting, (by the day or otherwise).—He will clean and varnish pictures, or pieces of furniture, on reasonable terms—the most satisfactory reference can be had with respect to character and ability.—Esquire of Isaac Entwistle, wood-shoemaker, King-street, with whom G. Lyon is present.

February 17. tuths3*

Land for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell at public sale, in the town of Port Tobacco, on Saturday the 31st day of March, 486 acres of LAND, binding on Ward's Run, in Charles county, about six miles from Port Tobacco. It is unnecessary to say anything respecting the land—any person wishing to purchase can view the premises, and the lines will be shown them by captain Joes Wheeler, or Mr. Thomas Barnes, who resides on the same.

HENRY H. MCPHERSON.
February 17. tuths3*

Alexandria, Feb. 11.

WAS committed to the jail of this county as a runaway, a mulatto man who says his name is Henry, or William Jackson, and that he served his time with the Messrs. Barneys, of Baltimore, to the biscuit-baking business.—

He is about 23 or 24 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high—he had on a blue jacket and trowsers and fur hat. The owner is requested to come and prove property and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.

JS. CAMPBELL, jailor.
February 17. tuths3

Cheewing Tobacco

100 KEGS prime Chewing Tobacco, (8*) just landing from schr Minerva, from Richmond, and for sale by J. JACKSON & Co.

January 23.

For Richmond, direct,

The schooner MINERVA. She will sail the first opportunity, having a considerable part of her cargo in. For freight or passage apply to J. JACKSON & Co.

February 14. stuths3

Notice.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of BRADLEY & ABERCROMBIE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent: All persons indebted to the firm will please make immediate payment to R. Abercrombie; and all persons that we are indebted to are requested to present them to R. A. as he is alone authorised to settle the accounts of the firm.

ROBT. ABERCROMBIE,
H. BRADLEY.

N. B. I will continue to carry on the Cabinet and Grocery Business in the house we before occupied. R. A. February 13. St

Bolting Cloths.

THE subscriber has this day received, a large and elegant assortment of Bolting Cloths, of a superior quality, which will be offered for sale at the store of Messrs. Butts & Cawdon, King-street, Alex'a, where he intends keeping a complete assortment in future.

Sept. 6 AMOS ALEXANDER.

Piano Forte.

JUST received for sale, by the subscriber, a very extensive assortment of MUSIC for the PIANO FORTE, consisting of:

Sonatas, Sonatas, Duets, Lessons, Waltzes, Songs, &c. &c.

Also, one square an upright cabinet Piano Forte. ROBERT GRAY.
January 27.

THEATRE.

LAST NIGHT BUT THREE OF THE HORSES.

From the great preparations now making for other novelties, the public are respectfully informed that the grand spectacle of BLUE BEARD, can only be played one night more.

WEDNESDAY EVENING. Feb. 18. Will be presented (positively for the last time) the operatic spectacle of

BLUE BEARD,

O, FEALALE CURIOSITY.

Which was received with the most unqualified marks of approbation by a brilliant and crowded audience.

Abomilique, Mr. Hotton
Ibrahim, Stamp
(His second appearance in Alexandria.)
Selim, Mr. Garner
Shakabac Entwistle
First Spahi Carr
Second do. Wayne
Third do. Tatnell
Hassan, Stewart
Slave, E. Emberton
Leader of Blue Beard's? Pepin
party, party
Leader of Selim's party, Parker
Fatima, Miss Trajetta
Irene, Mrs. Parker
Buda, Monier

The following is a description of some of the most particular Scenes, Songs, Chorusses, Processions, &c.

Act I. Scene 1st.

A grand perspective view of the Mountains of Switzerland.

In the fore ground IBRAHIM'S CORNER. Selim enters, Fatima appears at the cottage window, and they sing the celebrated Duet of "Twilight glimmers on the deep." The procession of Blue Beard and all his train over the Mountains on Horseback. Blue Beard himself elegantly mounted on his HAROVERIAN CHARIOT. Dialogue and Chorus, "See the Basha appears." Dialogue. The Procession returns—Fatima and Irene added to the train, and seated in a beautiful palquin, carried by four Africans dressed in the costume of the country.

Scene 2d. An Apartment in Blue Beard's Castle. Duet, Shakabac and Buda, "Tick-a-Tack."

Act II. Scene 1st. A CUT WOOD.

All the Horses discovered lying down, as in ambush—the leaders across their bodies asleep in different parts of the stage.

They are aroused from their slumbers by the shrill sound of the trumpet, at which noise they suddenly rise. The Horses, as if inspired with the bravery of their leaders, throw themselves into a variety of positions, which has astounded astonished every beholder. Selim enters—The Horses marshal themselves into a line. Chorus, "Rub-Dub," and the troops exit to the rescue of Fatima.

Scene 3d. Hall in the Castle. Song, "Tambourine Roundelay," by Mrs. Parker. Song, "Conjugal Strife," by Mr. Entwistle. Song, "Whilst pensive I thought on my Love," Miss Trajetta.

Scene 4th. The BLUE ENCHANTED CHAMBER, ELEGANTLY DECORATED. Duet, "No one near," Miss Trajetta and Mrs. Parker. The curiosity of Irene is instilled by her into Fatima, and they apply the key to the fatal chamber door. The interior of the apartment opens and discovers a SEPULCHRAL BUILDING—in the centre of which is a SKELETON SEATED ON A TOMB, with a dart in his hand—and over his head, in characters of blood, is written, "The punishment of Curiosity."

Act III. Scene 1. A PURNET in the eastern part of Blue Beard's castle, in which Fatima is confined. Quartetto—Mr. Entwistle, Mr. Hotton; Miss Trajetta and Mrs. Parker—"Look from the turret, sister, down."

Scene Last—presents a superb (exterior) view of BLUE BEARD'S CASTLE. On the east side, a DRAW-BRIDGE; on the west, a GRATING, or POR'CULLIS, leading into the castle. Other parts of the Fortress seen in the perspective.

Storming of the Castle by Cavalry and Infantry.

Selim's party is about to cross the drawbridge, when it is suddenly hoisted by Blue Beard's soldiery. They retire and make an effort to force the Porcullis, in which they succeed; and the HORSES, KNEELING, enter into the castle. A General Combat, horse and foot. One of Selim's party heroically mounts the drawbridge, which before impeded their efforts, and gallantly cuts it down, which gives an opportunity for his company to pass, and the horses to ascend. In the course of the bustle, are several SWOLE COMBATS between the knights on Horse and Foot—the various DEATHS OF THE HORSES, and the final OVERTHROW OF BLUE BEARD.

PRECEDED BY THE PLAY,

Will be acted the animated play of the

POINT OF HONOR.

Bethia, Mrs. Entwistle

After which, a new Scotch Ballet, got up under the immediate direction of Mr. Parker, called

FLORA'S BIRTH DAY.

* Tickets and places for the boxes to be taken of Mr. Howard, at the Box Office on Wednesday from 10 o'clock till 2, and from 5 till the conclusion of the performance.

To prevent an undue occupation of seats, which gentlemen have been at the trouble of taking in the course of the day, it is particularly requested that they will send their servants as soon as the doors are open, to keep their respective benches until they arrive themselves.

The audience not only having been annoyed, but the managers seriously injured, by persons unlawfully descending from the gallery into the boxes, they give this early notice to say that none but persons of color can in future be admitted into it.

Doors to be opened at half past 5 and the curtain to rise at half past 6 precisely.

Robert Gray,

H AS just received a supply of super fine, fine and common WRITING and LETTER PAPER, which he offers for sale by the ream or single quire, at reduced prices for cash February 7.

To Hire,

For the present Year,

A FEMALE SERVANT—she is an excellent washer and ironer.

Wanted, a good COOK.—Enquire of the printer. Feb. 15

Furnace Ware.

T HE subscribers' 3d agents for the Hampshire Furnace, have received and will constantly keep a supply of the following articles:

Pots from No. 1 to 12.

Dutch ovens do

Oval do do

Gridirons; skillets; mortars

Pestles; red kettles; wash kettles

Andirons; cloaths; boilers, &c.

10 and 6 plate stoves

Franklin do

Cast Iron mould and land sides

Which they offer upon as cheap terms as they can be bought in the district.

Castings of any description can be had from the furnace upon short notice.

CALD. BILL. & JACKSON.

January 20

Otto of Roses.

J UST received by the subscribers, a quantity of the above elegant article, for sale by the dozen or otherwise.

JAS. KENNEDY & SON.

November 19. mifit

Ginseng.

WANTED a quantity of Ginseng,

of a fair merchantable quality,

for which cash will be given by BARNEWALL & POPHAM.

January 23. dftfaw

Mandeville & Larmour.

OFFERS FOR SALE,

134 DRUMS. Turkey figs

20 boxes muscatel & bloom raisins

30 casks first quality cold Go-

shen cheese

30 casks western butter, for family use.

600 lbs. Tennessee live feathers

10 hds. 20 bls. whiskey

3 hds. rectified do

Alexander

HOUSES, LANDS, &c.

For Rent,

THE Rooms over and Back Buildings affixed to the Fire Insurance Office on Royal street.

Apply at this office.

December 23

To Rent,

THAT large and pleasantly situated three story brick Dwelling House, at the corner of Prince and St. Asaph streets, recently occupied by Mrs. Cranford. Possession may begin immediately. Apply to J. L. MCKENNA.

WHO HAS FOR SALE,

Two elegant Frame MANIFLES, and two of Italian Marble. Feb. 6

To Rent,

THAT very valuable stand for the grocery business, at present occupied by the subscriber, situate between Water and Union streets, and near Conway's wharf.

I wish also to sell a lot of ground adjoining the above property—it will be sold a bargain. For terms apply to JAMES YOUNG.

January 31

A Fortune for Sale

THAT noted Stand, known by Cox's Plantation. Back, on the road from Shawne Town 70 miles, and 35 from Kasaka, and leading up to the mouth of Missouri. It is the best stand for a tavern, and to raise stock, in the western country. Five or six hundred acres of land may be had; 60 acres are under fence. There are on the premises a cabin house with two rooms, about 16 or 18 feet square; a good log stable and several out houses. A toll bridge will be built in the spring. For terms and further information, apply to THOMAS MOUNT.

Alex'a, Feb. 15

6t

Public Sale

BY virtue of a deed of trust to the subscriber, will be sold to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 24th February, at eleven o'clock, a Frame HOUSE and a LOT on Union between King and Prince streets, now in the occupancy of Mr. George K. Wise. The terms made known at sale.

SAMUEL SMITH, Trustee.

February 12

dts

To Rent,

AND possession given the 10th of March next—The TAVERN and WAGGON YARD, at the upper end of King-street, occupied at present by Eli Legg. The house is large and convenient, with extensive stables—the yard enclosed 10 feet high, with a stream of water passing through it, would accommodate in safety 500 waggons and teams. The terms will be low to good tenant, who, by care and attention, would render the establishment respectable.

F. PYTON.

February 3

Tot 10th March

Sully for Sale.

THIS Estate, situated in the county of Fairfax, twenty two miles from Alexandria, and the same distance from Georgetown, contains about seven hundred and fifty acres. Little River Turnpike passes through it half a mile from the dwelling house. The situation is handsome, and remarkably healthy; the water is good and abundant. The soil which was originally excellent, has for some years past had the advantage of improving husbandry. Plaster of Paris acting with power and immediate effect on all grasses and grains. The fields present a good surface for cultivation, and those now unilled are covered with red clover. The orchards are very large and thrifty; the collection of table fruit is choice and various. The mansion is spacious and well constructed; the out-houses are conveniently situated, and the whole have been lately thoroughly repaired and painted. The farm houses, which are all nearly new, are expensive and excellent in their kind.

For a gentleman of leisure this would be a delightful residence; and a profitable estate for an active farmer. The title is indisputable, and perfectly unencumbered.

A number of well taught orderly young men, with good stocks and farming utensils of all kinds and the crops of the present year if desired, will be at the command of the purchaser.

Application may be made to the subscriber, living on the premises, next the post-office at Pleasant Valley, in Fairfax.

FRANCIS LIGHTFOOT LEE.

September 19

tutis

Chantilly.

FOR SALE or exchange for real property, or bank stock in the District of Columbia, three undivided fourth parts of the real estate of John Coffee, deceased, containing 520 acres, lying in the county of Fairfax, Va. between Potowmuck Run and Occoquan, 3 miles from the latter place, the southern stage road passing through it, occupied by Captain Cornelius Wells for the present year. Those who wish to purchase or exchange will view the premises and know the terms, on application to SOLOMON PARSONS.

In Alexandria or

RICHARD WILSON,

In Washington City

January 23

w3m

For Sale,

THE HOUSE and LOT on which I reside, is the town of Dumfries. For terms of sale apply to Walter Harrison, or John Landon, Jr. of same place.

P. HARRISON.

February 3

tutisaw

Valuable Land for Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell two valuable Tracts of Land—one situated in the upper part of Fairfax county, adjoining the lands of Samuel G. Griffith, and bounded north by the Potowmuck river, containing 700 acres, about one half in wood & the cleared land a considerable proportion is first river bottom, equal in fertility to any in Virginia; the upland is well situated for farming and of a good quality. There is also a mill seat on the tract of considerable value. This farm is worth the attention of any person wishing to engage in the farming business, as it certainly is not exceeded by any in the county (perhaps state) as a farm of profit, and may be had on reasonable terms. Mr. John Bickster, who resides near the land, will shew it, and Mr. Wm. McCarty of Loudoun county, or Mr. John W. Brionaugh of Georgetown, D. C. will make known the terms. If this tract is not disposed of before the 2nd of MARCH, it will then be exposed to PUBLIC SALE, at Wiley's Tavern, on the road leading from Alexandria to Leesburg.

The other Tract contains 1000 acres, and is the upper and most valuable part of the tract I live on. It is situated ten miles below Alexandria, and bounded N. by Accotink creek. This tract will be divided to suit purchasers, if found necessary. Persons wishing to purchase will apply to the subscriber living at Cedar Grove, who will shew the land and make known the terms.

EDGAR McCARTY.

January 23

thutisaw

CHARLES COUNTY COURT,

August Term 1817.

ON application to Charles county court by petition in writing of Williamson Cox, of Charles county, for the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned therein, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath, so far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the court being satisfied by competent testimony that the said Williamson Cox has resided two years immediately preceding the time of his application in the state of Maryland, and being also satisfied that the said Williamson Cox is in actual confinement for debt, and the said Williamson Cox having entered into bond with sufficient security for his personal appearance in Charles county court, to answer such allegations as his creditors may make against him—it is therefore ordered and adjudged that the said Williamson Cox be discharged from imprisonment—and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some one of the newspapers edited in the district of Columbia once a week for two months successively before the third Monday of March next, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said court at Charles Town, in said county, on the said third Monday of March next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to show cause why the said Williamson Cox should not have the benefit of the several insolvent laws, as prayed. Given under my hand this sixth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

Test. JOHN BARNES,

Clerk of Charles county court.

January 8

law8w

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, to wit:

District of Columbia, to wit.

November Term, { 1817
Alexandria county, }
IN CHANCERY.

William F. Thornton, Complainant.

James Dickerson, William Conn, James Anderson, James English and David M. Black, Defendants.

February 3

tutisaw

Valuable Family Medicines.

JUST received, direct from the proprietors, the following valuable MEDICINES, all of which have been in use for a number of years past, in almost every part of the United States; have been highly patronized by people of the first respectability; and approved by those who have had occasion to make use of them, for the cure of those disorders for which they are severally calculated.

Dr. Lee's Genuine (Windham) Bi-

lious Pills,

Universally known and used throughout the United States as a family medicine. The fame of these pills has become so great, that many have attempted to counterfeit them—to guard against this, the proprietors have procured a stereotype label, and each box of Genuine Lee's Pills will hereafter be enclosed in

one of these labels, with these words on the sides: "Lee's Genuine Windham Bilious Pills," and on the end of the label the words, "Samuel Lee, patentee, &c. I. Thompson, agent, joint proprietor, &c." and should any be offered for sale without said label on them, the purchaser may be apprised that they are counterfeit.

Dr. Thompson's celebrated Eye Water.

For the cure of inflamed and sore eyes, of almost every description. This valuable preparation comes highly recommended from the most respectable sources.—Price 50 and 25 cents a bottle.

Dr. Hanson's Genuine Ich. Ointment.

A certain and safe cure for all disagreeable complaints, as well as other eruptions of the skin. Price 37 1/2 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious and Slo-

machic Bitters.

For weakly and infirm constitutions. Price 37 1/2 cents a box.

Hinchley's Infallible Remedy for the

Piles,

A most valuable medicine. Price 50 cents a box.

Thompson's Aromatic Tooth Paste.

For whitening and preserving the teeth—it may be used with the greatest safety. Price 50 cents a box.

Specific Drops for the Tooth Ache.

Which in almost every case, gives instant relief in that distressing complaint. Price 37 1/2 cents a bottle.

Codley's Vegetable Elixir, for Coughs,

Asthmas, Consumptions, &c.

A very valuable medicine in those complaints. Price 50 cents a bottle.

For sale, in Alexandria, by Dr. Rich'd. L. Liles, in Washington City, by Dr. David Ott, in Georgetown, by Dr. John Ott, Otto M. Lintham & Co. and Nathaniel Jewitt.

Test. G. DENEALE, c. c.

January 31

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, to wit:

November Term, { 1817
Alexandria county, }
IN CHANCERY.

Isaac Robbins, administrator of Thompson, Complainant,

AGAINST

Aquilla Johns and James Veitch, Defendants.

January 23

thutisaw

CHARLES COUNTY COURT,

August Term, 1817.

ON application to Charles county court by petition in writing of Williamson Cox, of Charles county, for the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned therein, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath, so far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the court being satisfied by competent testimony that the said Williamson Cox has resided two years immediately preceding the time of his application in the state of Maryland, and being also satisfied that the said Williamson Cox is in actual confinement for debt, and the said Williamson Cox having entered into bond with sufficient security for his personal appearance in Charles county court, to answer such allegations as his creditors may make against him—it is therefore ordered and adjudged that the said Williamson Cox be discharged from imprisonment—and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some one of the newspapers edited in the district of Columbia once a week for two months successively before the third Monday of March next, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said court at Charles Town, in said county, on the said third Monday of March next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to show cause why the said Williamson Cox should not have the benefit of the several insolvent laws, as prayed. Given under my hand this sixth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

Test. G. DENEALE, c. c.

January 23

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, to wit:

November Term, { 1817
Alexandria county, }
IN CHANCERY.

James Fleming, Joseph Mandeville and Samuel B. Larmour, under the firm of James Fleming & Co., Complainants,

AGAINST

Alexander Compton, James Anderson, John Poe, James English and David M. Black, Defendants.

January 8

law8w

CHARLES COUNTY COURT,

August Term, 1817.

ON application to Charles County Court, by petition in writing of Samuel C. Jack, of Charles County, for the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned therein, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath, so far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the court being satisfied by competent testimony that the said Samuel C. Jack has resided two years immediately preceding the time of his application in the state of Maryland, and being also satisfied that the said Samuel C. Jack is in actual confinement for debt, and the said Samuel C. Jack having entered into bond with sufficient security for his personal appearance in Charles County Court, and answer such allegations as his creditors may make against him—it is therefore ordered and adjudged that the said Samuel C. Jack be discharged from imprisonment, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some one of the newspapers edited in the district of Columbia, once a week for two months successively before the third Monday of March next, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said court at Charles Town in said county, on the said third Monday of March next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to show cause why the said Samuel C. Jack should not have the benefit of the several insolvent laws of this state as prayed. Given under my hand this 13th day of January 1819.

Test. JOHN BARNES, c. c.

January 15

thutisaw

Valuable Family Medicines.

JUST received, direct from the proprietors, the following valuable MEDICINES, all of which have been in use for a number of years past, in almost every part of the United States; have been highly patronized by people of the first respectability; and approved by those who have had occasion to make use of them, for the cure of those disorders for which they are severally calculated.

Dr. Lee's Genuine (Windham) Bi-

lous Pills,

Universally known and used throughout the United States as a family medicine. The fame of these pills has become so great, that many have attempted to counterfeit them—to guard against this, the proprietors have procured a stereotype label, and each box of Genuine Lee's Pills will hereafter be enclosed in

For the prevention and cure of

BILIOUS AND MALIGNANT FEVERS

is recommended

IIAHN's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS